

HIV AND AIDS IN PREGNANCY

Lidija Popović-Dragonjić^{1,2}, Miodrag Vrbić^{1,2}, Maja Jovanović^{1,2},
Radomir Živadinović^{1,3}, Dane Krtinić³

University of Niš, Faculty of Medicine, Niš, Serbia¹
Clinic of Infectious Diseases, Clinical Center Niš, Serbia²
Clinic of Gynecology and Obstetrics, Clinical Center Niš, Serbia³

Contact: Dane Krtinić
Svetozara Markovića 3 st.
18000 Niš, Serbia
E-mail: kdane86@gmail.com

The problem of HIV infection in pregnancy should be considered through the prevention, detection, appropriate therapy and follow-up. Prevention and detection involve cooperation between the services of preventive medicine and counseling and gynecological services. The follow-up and the delivery of HIV-positive pregnant women is made according to strict protocols and requires the cooperation of gynecologist and infectious disease specialist, as well as the expectant mother. *Acta Medica Medianae 2016;55(3):85-91.*

Key words: HIV infection, pregnancy, vertical transmission