

PEMPHIGOID MUKOZNE MEMBRANE – PRIKAZ SLUČAJA

MUCOUS MEMBRANE PEMPHIGOID – A CASE REPORT

Ljiljana G. Kesić,¹ Dragan Mihailović,² Radmila R. Živković¹

¹ MEDICINSKI FAKULTET, KLINIKA ZA STOMATOLOGIJU, ODELJENJE ZA ORALNU MEDICINU I PARODONTOLOGIJU;

² MEDICINSKI FAKULTET, INSTITUT ZA PATOLOŠKU ANATOMIJU;
NIŠ, SRBIJA, SRBIJA I CRNA GORA

¹ MEDICAL FACULTY, DENTAL CLINIC, DEPARTMENT OF ORAL MEDICINE AND PERIODONTOLOGY;

² MEDICAL FACULTY, INSTITUTE OF PATHOLOGY;
NIŠ, SERBIA, SERBIA AND MONTENEGRO

Kratak sadržaj

Pemphigoid mukozne membrane predstavlja heterogenu grupu autoimunih poremećaja koji se karakterišu subepitelnim odvajanjem i formiranjem depozita imunoglobulina i komplementa duž zone bazalne membrane. Postavljanje tačne dijagnoze zahteva dobru anamnezu, klinički pregled, laboratorijska ispitivanja, patohistološku verifikaciju i naravno direktnu ili indirektnu imunofluorescencu. U ovom radu prikazali smo slučaj iz prakse pacijentkinje sa Pemphigoidom mukozne membrane, i istakli značaj dijagnostičkih metoda – naročito patohistološke potvrde i diferencijacije između važnih oboljenja – Pemphigus vulgarisa i njegovih varijanti.

Ključne reči: Pemphigoid mukozne membrane, oralne manifestacije, patohistološki nalaz

Abstract

Mucous membrane pemphigoid is a group of a chronic, immunobullous disorders which is characterized by the formation of subepidermal bullae and the presence of immunoreactants at the basement membrane zone. The adequate diagnosis assessment requires throughout anamnesis, clinical examination, laboratory investigations, pathohistological verification and direct and indirect immunofluorescence. In this paper, we showed a case report of patient with Mucous membrane pemphigoid, and pointed out the significance of diagnostic methods – especially the significance of pathohistological verification and differentiation between significant disorders – Pemphigus vulgaris and its variables.

Key words: Mucous membrane pemphigoid, oral manifestations, pathohistological diagnosis